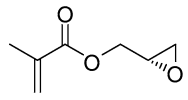
Damien Hérault, Christine Saluzzo and Marc Lemaire*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1944*

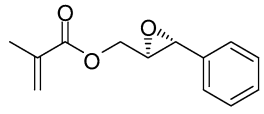


$C_7H_{10}O_3$
(*S*)-Glycidyl methacrylate

Ee >99.5%
$[\alpha]_D = +30.3$ (*c* 0.01, CH_2Cl_2)
Absolute configuration: *S*

Damien Hérault, Christine Saluzzo and Marc Lemaire*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1944*

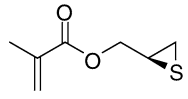


$C_{13}H_{14}O_4$
(*R*,*R*)-Phenyl glycidylmethacrylate

Ee >99.5%
$[\alpha]_D = +49.6$ (*c* 0.01, CH_2Cl_2)
Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

Damien Hérault, Christine Saluzzo and Marc Lemaire*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1944*

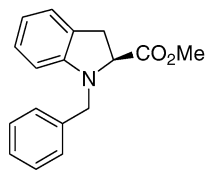


$C_7H_{10}O_2S$
(*S*)-Thiiranylmethyl methacrylate

Ee >99.5%
$[\alpha]_D = -37.8$ (*c* 0.01, CH_2Cl_2)
Absolute configuration: *S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*

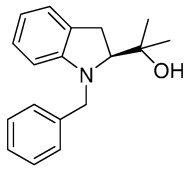


$C_{17}H_{17}NO_2$
(*S*)-Methyl 1-benzylindoline-2-carboxylate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +5.4$ (*c* 2.90, MeOH)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-indoline-2-carboxylic acid
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*



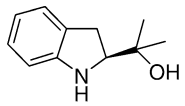
$C_{18}H_{21}NO$

2-((*S*)-Benzylindolin-2-yl)propan-2-ol

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -10.1$ (*c* 0.80, MeOH)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-indoline-2-carboxylic acid
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*



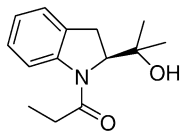
$C_{11}H_{15}NO$

2-((*S*)-Indolin-2-yl)propan-2-ol

Ee >99%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -56.4$ (*c* 0.61, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-indoline-2-carboxylic acid
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*



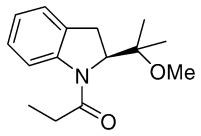
$C_{14}H_{19}NO_2$

1-((*S*)-2-(2-Hydroxypropan-2-yl)indolin-1-yl)propan-1-one

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -129.5$ (*c* 1.53, MeOH)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-indoline-2-carboxylic acid
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*



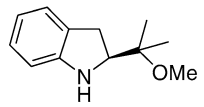
$C_{15}H_{21}NO_2$

1-((*S*)-2-(2-Methoxypropan-2-yl)indolin-1-yl)propan-1-one

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -94.3$ (*c* 1.51, MeOH)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-indoline-2-carboxylic acid
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*



$C_{12}H_{17}NO$

(*S*)-2-(2-Methoxypropan-2-yl)indoline

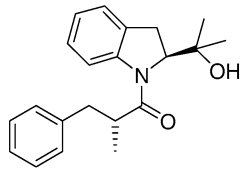
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -182.3$ (*c* 0.62, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-indoline-2-carboxylic acid

Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Fredrik Andersson and Erik Hedenström*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1952*



$C_{21}H_{25}NO_2$

(*R*)-2-Benzyl-1-((*S*)-2-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)indolin-1-yl)propan-1-one

Dr = 99.7:0.3

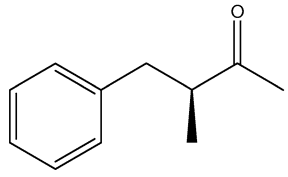
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -170.2$ (*c* 0.60, MeOH)

Source of chirality: diastereoselective alkylation

Absolute configuration: 2*S*,2′*R*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{11}H_{14}O$

(*S*)-(+)-3-Methyl-4-phenyl-2-butanone

Ee = 46%

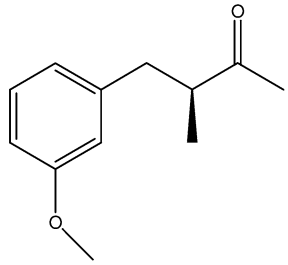
$[\alpha]_D^{23} = +19.0$ (*c* 2.11, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{12}H_{16}O_2$

(*S*)-(+)-4-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-2-butanone

Ee = 71%

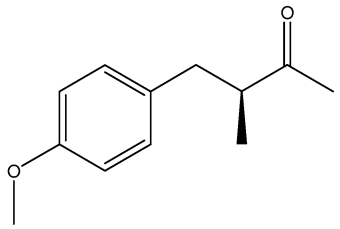
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +33.6$ (*c* 2.33, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{12}H_{16}O_2$

(*S*)-(+)-4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-2-butanone

Ee = 38%

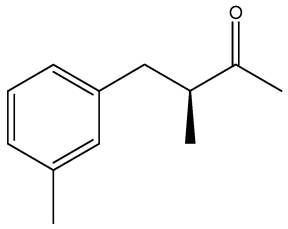
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +14.3$ (*c* 2.09, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{12}H_{16}O$

(*S*)-(+)-4-(3-Methylphenyl)-3-methyl-2-butanone

Ee = 65%

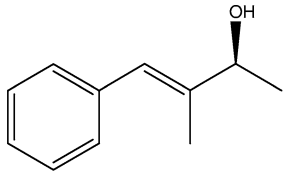
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +28.4$ (*c* 2.40, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{11}H_{14}O$

(*S*)-(+)-3-Methyl-4-phenyl-3-buten-2-ol

Ee = 98% (*Geotrichum candidum*), ee = 97% (*Mortierella isabellina*)

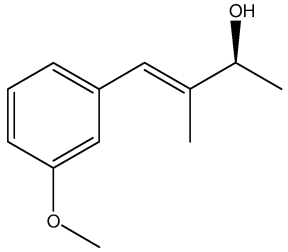
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +6.8$ (*c* 2.74, $CHCl_3$) and $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +6.5$ (*c* 2.81, $CHCl_3$), respectively

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{12}H_{16}O_2$

(*S*)-(+)-4-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-3-buten-2-ol

Ee = 99% (*Geotrichum candidum*), ee = 94% (*Mortierella isabellina*)

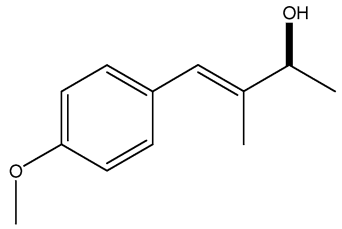
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +4.3$ (*c* 1.27, $CHCl_3$) and $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +7.4$ (*c* 2.66, $CHCl_3$), respectively

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{12}H_{16}O_2$

(−)-4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-3-buten-2-ol

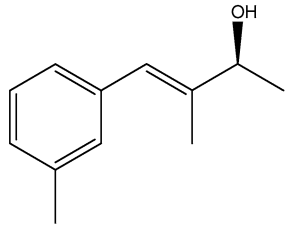
Ee = 77% (*Mortierella isabellina*)

$[\alpha]_D^{23} = -16.7$ (*c* 1.36, $CHCl_3$) (*Mortierella isabellina*)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{12}H_{16}O$

(*S*)-(+)-4-(3-Methylphenyl)-3-methyl-3-buten-2-ol

Ee = 98% (*Geotrichum candidum*), ee = 94% (*Mortierella isabellina*)

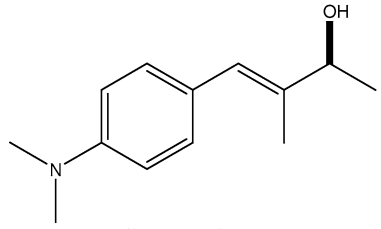
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +7.7$ (*c* 2.50, $CHCl_3$) and $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +7.2$ (*c* 2.18, $CHCl_3$), respectively

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: *S*

Malgorzata Zagozda and Jan Plenkiewicz*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1958*



$C_{13}H_{19}NO$

(−)-4-(4-Dimethylaminophenyl)-3-methyl-3-buten-2-ol

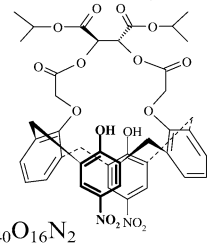
Ee = 43% (*Mortierella isabellina*)

$[\alpha]_D^{23} = -0.4$ (*c* 1.50, $CHCl_3$) (*Mortierella isabellina*)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Aysegul Karakucuk, Mustafa Durmaz, Abdulkadir Sirit, Mustafa Yilmaz* and Ayhan S. Demir

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1963*



$C_{42}H_{40}O_{16}N_2$

(40*R*,50*R*)-5,17-Dinitro-25,27-dihydroxy-26,28-(40,50-di-1-methylethoxycarbonyl-30,60-dioxa-20,70-dioxooctylene)-dioxycalix[4]arene

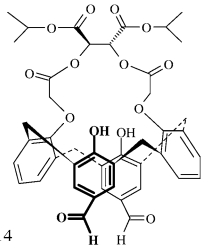
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +50.2$ (*c* 0.5 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid diisopropyl ester

Absolute configuration: (*R*,*R*)

Aysegul Karakucuk, Mustafa Durmaz, Abdulkadir Sirit, Mustafa Yilmaz* and Ayhan S. Demir

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1963*



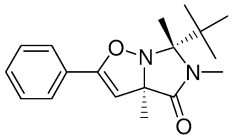
$C_{44}H_{42}O_{14}$

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +28.2$ (c 0.3 $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid diisopropyl ester
Absolute configuration: (R,R)

(40*R*,50*R*)-5,17-Diformyl-25,27-dihydroxy-26,28-(40,50-di-1-methylethoxycarbonyl-30,60-dioxa-20,70-dioxooctylene)-dioxy-calix[4]arene

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*



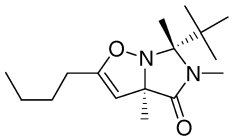
$C_{18}H_{24}N_2O_2$

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -33$ (c 3.2, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 3*R*,6*R*

(3a*S*,6*R*)-6-*tert*-Butyl-5,6-dimethyl-2-phenyl-5,6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-*b*]isoxazol-4(3a*H*)-one

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*



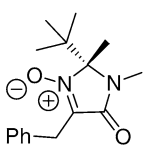
$C_{16}H_{28}N_2O_2$

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -29$ (c 5.3, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 3*R*,6*R*

(3a*S*,6*R*)-2-Butyl-6-*tert*-Butyl-5,6-dimethyl-5,6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-*b*]isoxazol-4(3a*H*)-one

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*



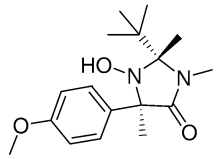
$C_{16}H_{22}N_2O_2$

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -69.8$ (c 1.08, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: *R*

(*R*)-5-Benzyl-2-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-imidazol-4-one-1-oxide

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*

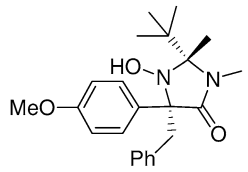


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +77.3$ (c 0.75, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,5*R*
Ee determination: HPLC, Chiralpak AD-RH

$C_{17}H_{26}N_2O_3$
(2*R*,5*R*)-2-*tert*-Butyl-1-hydroxy-5-*para*-methoxyphenyl-2,3,5-trimethylimidazolidin-4-one

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*

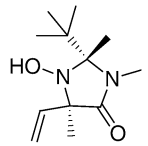


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +93.9$ (c 0.83, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,5*R*

$C_{23}H_{30}N_2O_3$
(2*R*,5*R*)-5-Benzyl-2-*tert*-butyl-1-hydroxy-5-*para*-methoxyphenyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolidin-4-one

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*

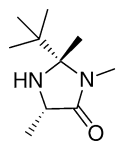


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +25.2$ (c 1.02, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,5*R*

$C_{12}H_{22}N_2O_2$
(2*R*,5*R*)-2-*tert*-Butyl-1-hydroxy-2,3,5-trimethyl-5-vinyl-imidazolidin-4-one

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*

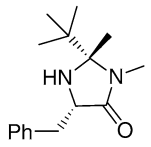


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +50.7$ (c 1.03, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*S*,5*S*

$C_{10}H_{20}N_2O$
(2*S*,5*S*)-2-*tert*-Butyl-2,3,5-trimethylimidazolidin-4-one

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*



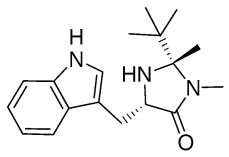
$C_{16}H_{24}N_2O$

(2*S*,5*S*)-5-Benzyl-2-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolidin-4-one

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -48.8$ (*c* 1.05, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*S*,5*S*

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*



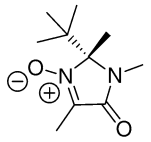
$C_{18}H_{25}N_3O$

(2*S*,5*S*)-5-((1*H*-Indol-3-yl)methyl)-2-*tert*-butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolidin-4-one

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -70.1$ (*c* 1.01, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*S*,5*S*

Astrid Pernet-Poil-Chevrier, Frédéric Cantagrel, Karel Le Jeune, Christian Philouze and Pierre Yves Chavant*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1969*



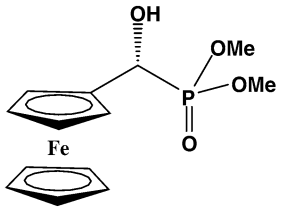
$C_{10}H_{18}N_2O_2$

(*R*)-2-*tert*-Butyl-2,3,5-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-4*H*-imidazol-4-one 1-oxide

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -93.7$ (*c* 4.80, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: *R*

Damian Plażuk, Janusz Zakrzewski* and Agnieszka Rybarczyk-Pirek

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1975*



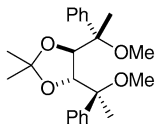
$C_{13}H_{16}O_3PFe$

(*R*)-(−)-Dimethyl hydroxy-(ferrocenylmethyl)phosphonate

Ee = 94%
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -97$ (*c* 0.3, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: resolution of racemate

Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*



$[\alpha]_D = +25.7$ (*c* 0.7, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (4*R*,5*R*)

(4*R*,5*R*)-4,5-Bis((*S*)-1-methoxy-1-phenylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane

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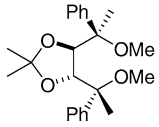
Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*



$[\alpha]_D = -80$ (*c* 0.5, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (4*R*,5*R*)

(4*R*,5*R*)-4,5-Bis((*R*)-1-methoxy-1-phenylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane

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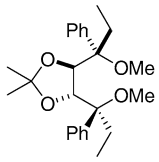
Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*



$[\alpha]_D = -38$ (*c* 0.5, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (4*R*,5*R*)

(4*R*,5*R*)-4,5-Bis((*S*)-1-methoxy-1-phenylpropyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane

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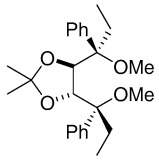
Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*

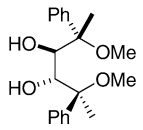


$[\alpha]_D = -32.5$ (*c* 1.2, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (4*R*,5*R*)

(4*R*,5*R*)-4,5-Bis((*S*)-1-methoxy-1-phenylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane

Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*



$[\alpha]_D = +70$ (*c* 0.5, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (2*S*,3*R*)

(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-2,5-Dimethoxy-2,5-diphenylhexane-3,4-diol

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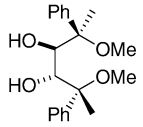
Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*



$[\alpha]_D = -48$ (*c* 0.5, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*R*)

(2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*)-2,5-Dimethoxy-2,5-diphenylhexane-3,4-diol

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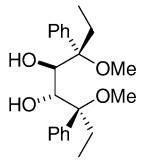
Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*



$[\alpha]_D = -16.3$ (*c* 0.8, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (2*S*,3*R*)

(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-2,5-Dimethoxy-2,5-diphenyloctane-3,4-diol

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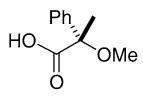
Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*

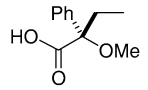


$[\alpha]_D = +38$ (*c* 1, MeOH)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

(*S*)-2-Methoxy-2-phenylpropanoic acid

Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*

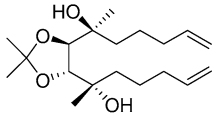


$[\alpha]_D = +52$ (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

(*S*)-2-Methoxy-2-phenylbutanoic acid

Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*

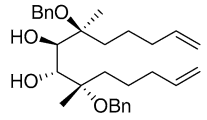


$[\alpha]_D = -5$ (*c* 2.7, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (4*R*,5*R*)

(4*R*,5*R*)-4,5-Bis((*S*)-2-hydroxyhept-6-en-2-yl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane

Kavirayani R. Prasad,* Appayee Chandrakumar and Pazhamalai Anbarasan

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1979*

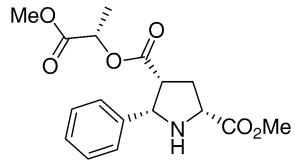


$[\alpha]_D = -12.2$ (*c* 2.7, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-(+)-tartaric acid
Absolute configuration: (6*S*,7*R*,8*R*,9*S*)

(6*S*,7*R*,8*R*,9*S*)-6,9-Bis(benzyloxy)-6,9-dimethyltetradeca-1,13-diene-7,8-diol

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



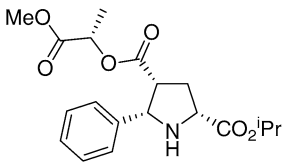
$[\alpha]_D = -82.6$ (*c* 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{17}H_{21}NO_6$

4-[(1*S*)-1-(Methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] 2-methyl (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



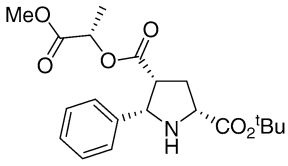
$[\alpha]_D = -63.0$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{19}H_{25}NO_6$

2-Isopropyl 4-[(1*S*)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



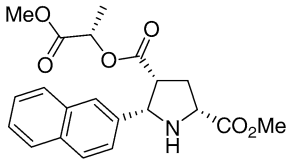
$[\alpha]_D = -59.8$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{20}H_{27}NO_6$

2-*tert*-Butyl 4-[(1*S*)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



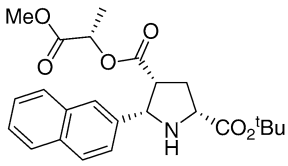
$[\alpha]_D = -63.9$ (c 1.2, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{21}H_{23}NO_6$

4-[(1*S*)-1-(Methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] 2-methyl (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-5-(2-naphthyl)pyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



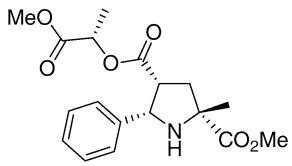
$[\alpha]_D = -57.0$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{24}H_{29}NO_6$

2-*tert*-Butyl 4-[(1*S*)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-5-(2-naphthyl)pyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



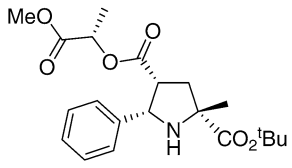
$[\alpha]_D = -66.3$ (c 1.2, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{18}H_{23}NO_6$

4-[(1*S*)-1-(Methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] 2-methyl (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-2-methyl-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



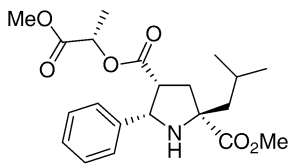
$[\alpha]_D = -57.4$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{21}H_{29}NO_6$

2-*tert*-Butyl 4-[(1*S*)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-2-methyl-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



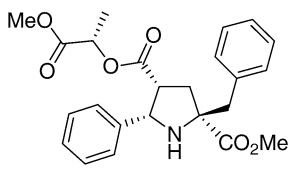
$[\alpha]_D = -44.0$ (c 1.2, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{21}H_{29}NO_6$

4-[(1*S*)-1-(Methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] 2-methyl (2*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-2-isobutyl-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Carmen Nájera,* M. de Gracia Retamosa and José M. Sansano*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1985*



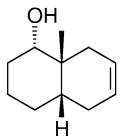
$[\alpha]_D = -45.3$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: methyl (*S*)-lactate
Absolute configuration: (1′*S*,2*S*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{24}H_{27}NO_6$

4-[(1*S*)-1-(Methoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl] 2-methyl (2*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-2-benzyl-5-phenylpyrrolidine-2,4-dicarboxylate

Tiago O. Vieira, Helena M. C. Ferraz, Leandro H. Andrade and André L. M. Porto*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1990*



Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +6.6$ (*c* 8.6, $CHCl_3$)
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

$C_{11}H_{18}O$
(1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,8-Heptahydro-8a-methylnaphthalen-1-ol

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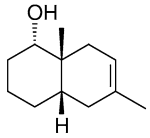
Tiago O. Vieira, Helena M. C. Ferraz, Leandro H. Andrade and André L. M. Porto*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1990*



Ee = 92%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -1.6$ (*c* 3.02, $CHCl_3$)
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

$C_{12}H_{20}O$
(1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,8-Heptahydro-6-8a-dimethylnaphthalen-1-ol

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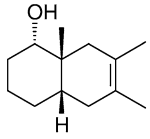
Tiago O. Vieira, Helena M. C. Ferraz, Leandro H. Andrade and André L. M. Porto*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1990*



Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -8.0$ (*c* 1.35, $CHCl_3$)
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

$C_{13}H_{22}O$
(1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,8-Heptahydro-6,7,8a-trimethylnaphthalen-1-ol

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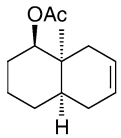
Tiago O. Vieira, Helena M. C. Ferraz, Leandro H. Andrade and André L. M. Porto*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1990*

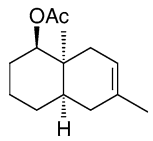


Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -24.0$ (*c* 3.25, $CHCl_3$)
Absolute configuration: 1*R*,4a*R*,8a*S*
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

$C_{13}H_{20}O_2$
(1*R*,4a*R*,8a*S*)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,8-Heptahydro-8a-methylnaphthalen-1-yl acetate

Tiago O. Vieira, Helena M. C. Ferraz, Leandro H. Andrade and André L. M. Porto*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1990*

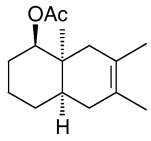


Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -8.5$ (*c* 2.95, $CHCl_3$)
Absolute configuration: 1*R*,4a*R*,8a*S*
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

$C_{14}H_{22}O_2$
(1*R*,4a*R*,8a*S*)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,8-Heptahydro-6,8a-dimethylnaphthalen-1-yl acetate

Tiago O. Vieira, Helena M. C. Ferraz, Leandro H. Andrade and André L. M. Porto*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1990*

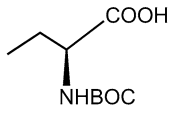


Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +13.5$ (*c* 2.73, $CHCl_3$)
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,4a*S*,8a*R*
Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

$C_{15}H_{24}O_2$
(1*R*,4a*R*,8a*S*)-1,2,3,4,4a,5,8-Heptahydro-6,7,8a-trimethylnaphthalen-1-yl acetate

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*

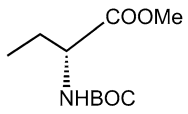


Ee = 98%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -17.8$ (*c* 2, MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

$C_9H_{17}NO_4$
(*S*)-*N*-Boc-aminobutanoic acid

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*

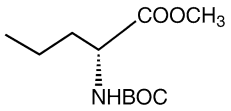


Ee = 98%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +39$ (*c* 2.2, MeOH)
Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

$C_{10}H_{19}NO_4$
(*R*)-*N*-Boc-aminobutanoic acid methyl ester

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*



$C_{11}H_{21}NO_4$

(*R*)-*N*-Boc-nor-valine-methyl ester

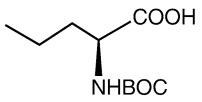
Ee >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +32$ (*c* 1, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*



$C_{10}H_{19}NO_4$

(*S*)-*N*-Boc-nor-valine

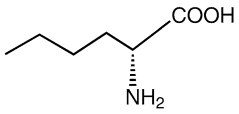
Ee = 97%

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -14.1$ (*c* 2, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*



$C_6H_{13}NO_2$

(*R*)-Nor-leucine

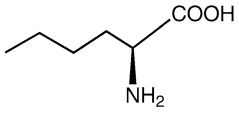
Ee >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -23.1$ (*c* 5, HCl 6 M)

Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*



$C_6H_{13}NO_2$

(*S*)-Nor-leucine

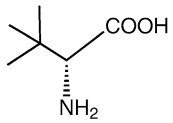
Ee >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +23.2$ (*c* 5, HCl 6 M)

Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*



$C_6H_{13}NO_2$

(*R*)-t-Leucine

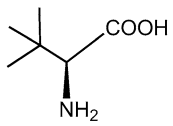
Ee >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -31.1$ (*c* 1, acetic acid)

Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

Eleonora Agosta, Antonio Caligiuri, Paola D'Arrigo, Stefano Servi,* Davide Tessaro and Renato Canevotti

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 1995*



$C_6H_{13}NO_2$

(*S*)-t-Leucine

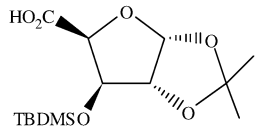
Ee >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +31.4$ (*c* 1, acetic acid)

Source of chirality: enzyme catalysed kinetic resolution

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$C_{14}H_{26}O_6Si$

3-*O*-*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-*xylo*-furanuronic acid

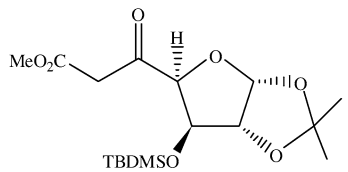
$[\alpha]_D = -48$ (*c* 0.8, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*S*)

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$C_{17}H_{30}O_7Si$

Methyl 3-*O*-*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-5-oxo-α-D-*xylo*-heptofuranuronates

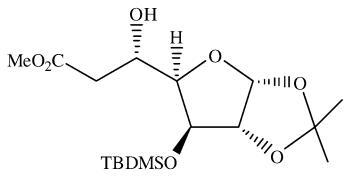
$[\alpha]_D = -104$ (*c* 1.4, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*S*)

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



De >99%

$[\alpha]_D = -18$ (*c* 1.6, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

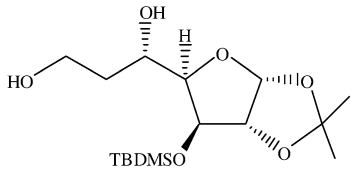
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{17}H_{32}O_7Si$

Methyl 3-*O*-*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-β-L-*ido*-heptofuranuronate

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = -28$ (*c* 1.1, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

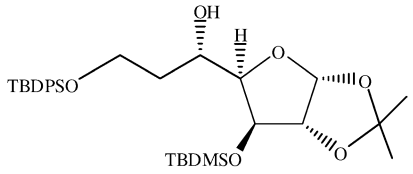
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{16}H_{32}O_6Si$

3-*O*-*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-β-L-*ido*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = -18$ (*c* 1.0, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

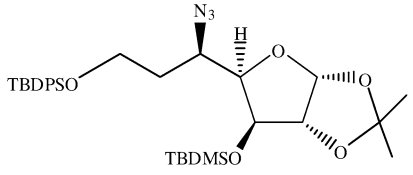
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{32}H_{50}O_6Si$

3-*O*-*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl-7-*O*-*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-β-L-*ido*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = -6$ (*c* 1.6, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

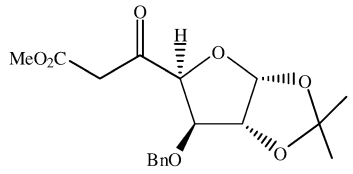
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*)

$C_{32}H_{49}N_3O_5Si_2$

5-Azido-3-*O*-*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-7-*O*-*tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl-5,6-dideoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-*gluco*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +76$ (*c* 1.3, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

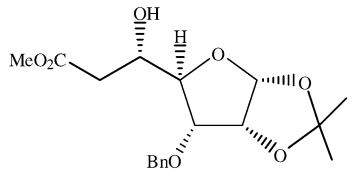
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*S*)

$C_{18}H_{22}O_7$

Methyl 3-*O*-benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-5-oxo-α-D-*ribo*-heptofuranuronate

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



De >99%

$[\alpha]_D = +72$ (*c* 0.8, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-glucofuranose

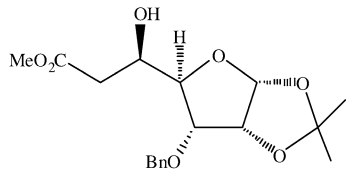
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{18}H_{24}O_7$

Methyl 3-*O*-benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-β-L-*talo*-heptofuranurinate

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



De >99%

$[\alpha]_D = +110$ (*c* 0.6, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

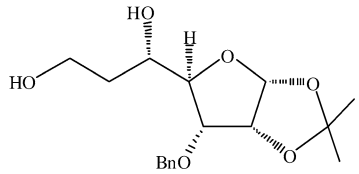
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*)

$C_{18}H_{24}O_7$

Methyl 3-*O*-benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-*allo*-heptofuranuronate

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +101$ (*c* 0.9, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

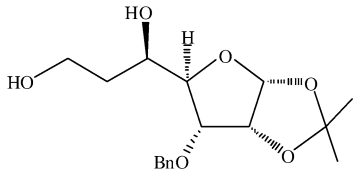
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{17}H_{24}O_6$

3-*O*-Benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-β-L-*talo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +113$ (*c* 1.0, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

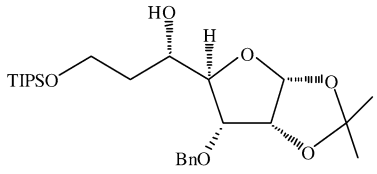
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*)

$C_{17}H_{24}O_6$

3-*O*-Benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-*allo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +67$ (*c* 1.0, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*- isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

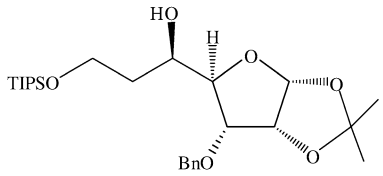
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{26}H_{44}O_6Si$

3-*O*-Benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-7-*O*-triisopropylsilyl-β-L-*talo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +64$ (*c* 2.0, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

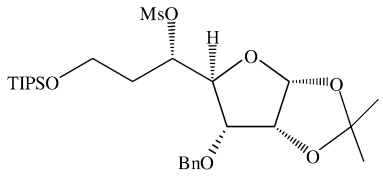
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*)

$C_{26}H_{44}O_6Si$

3-*O*-Benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-7-*O*-triisopropylsilyl-α-D-*allo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +41$ (*c* 0.8, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

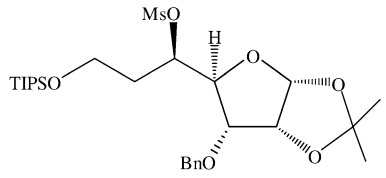
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*)

$C_{27}H_{46}O_8SSi$

3-*O*-Benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-5-*O*-methanesulfonyl-7-*O*-triisopropylsilyl-β-L-*talo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +61$ (*c* 1.7, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

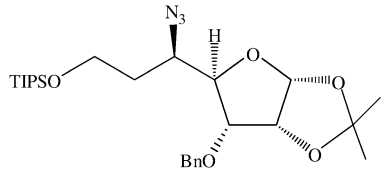
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*R*)

$C_{27}H_{46}O_8SSi$

3-*O*-Benzyl-6-deoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-5-*O*-methanesulfonyl-7-*O*-triisopropylsilyl-α-D-*allo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +105$ (*c* 1.4, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

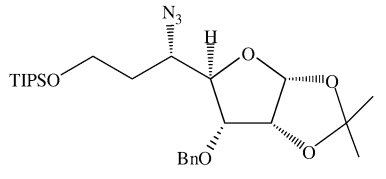
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*)

$C_{26}H_{43}N_3O_5Si$

5-Azido-3-*O*-benzyl-5,6-dideoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-7-*O*-triisopropylsilyl-α-D-*allo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +48$ (*c* 1.1, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

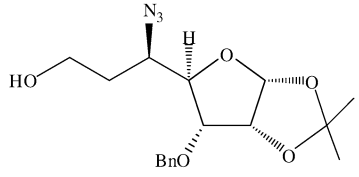
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

$C_{26}H_{43}N_3O_5Si$

5-Azido-3-*O*-benzyl-5,6-dideoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-7-*O*-triisopropylsilyl-β-L-*talo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$[\alpha]_D = +152$ (*c* 2.1, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

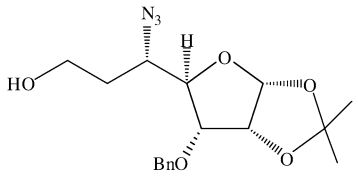
Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*)

$C_{17}H_{23}N_3O_5$

5-Azido-3-*O*-benzyl-5,6-dideoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-*allo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$C_{17}H_{23}N_3O_5$

5-Azido-3-*O*-benzyl-5,6-dideoxy-1,2-*O*-isopropylidene-β-L-*talo*-hepto-1,4-furanose

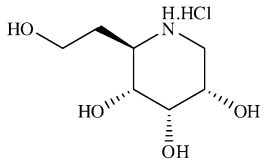
$[\alpha]_D = +97$ (*c* 2.0, DCM)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

Absolute configuration: (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$C_7H_{16}ClNO_4$

1,5,6-Trideoxy-1,5-imino-D-*allo*-heptitol hydrochloride

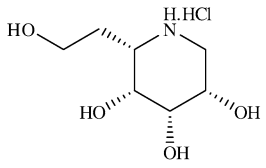
$[\alpha]_D = +19$ (*c* 0.1, MeOH)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

Absolute configuration: (2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*)

Géraldine Le Bouc, Christine Thomassigny and Christine Greck*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2006*



$C_7H_{16}ClNO_4$

1,5,6-Trideoxy-1,5-imino-L-*talo*-heptitol hydrochloride

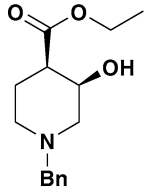
$[\alpha]_D = +24$ (*c* 0.6, MeOH)

Source of chirality: 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-allofuranose

Absolute configuration: (2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)

Zhiwei Guo, Bharat P. Patel, Richard M. Corbett, Animesh Goswami and Ramesh N. Patel*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2015*



$C_{15}H_{21}NO_3$

Ethyl *cis*-(3*R*,4*R*)-1-benzyl-3-hydroxy-piperidine-4-carboxylate

Ee = 99.3%

De = 99.5%

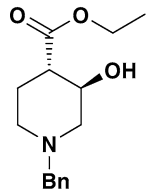
$[\alpha]_D = +48.4$ (*c* 2.35, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: microbial reduction

Absolute configuration: (3*R*,4*R*)

Zhiwei Guo, Bharat P. Patel, Richard M. Corbett, Animesh Goswami and Ramesh N. Patel*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2015*



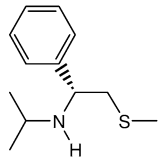
$C_{15}H_{21}NO_3$

Ethyl *trans*-(3*R*,4*S*)-1-benzyl-3-hydroxy-piperidine-4-carboxylate

Ee = 99.5%
De = 96%
$[\alpha]_D = +23.6$ (*c* 1.68, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: microbial reduction
Absolute configuration: (3*R*,4*S*)

Johan Granander, Jonas Eriksson and Göran Hilmersson*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2021*



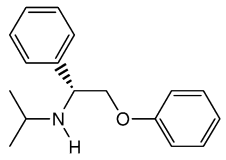
$C_{12}H_{19}NS$

(*R*)-1-Isopropylamino-1-phenyl-2-thiomethylethane

Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -61.0$ (*c* 1.05, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycine
Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Johan Granander, Jonas Eriksson and Göran Hilmersson*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2021*



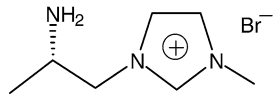
$C_{17}H_{21}NO$

(*R*)-1-Isopropylamino-1-phenyl-2-phenoxyethane

Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -51.5$ (*c* 1.06, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycine
Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



$C_7H_{14}N_3Br$

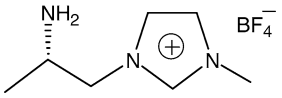
1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)propyl]-3-methylimidazolium bromide

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +12.6$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-alaline
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +13.9$ (c 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-alaline
Absolute configuration: (*S*)



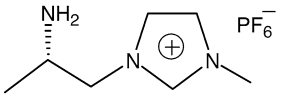
$C_7H_{14}N_3F_4B$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)propyl]-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +7.2$ (c 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-alaline
Absolute configuration: (*S*)



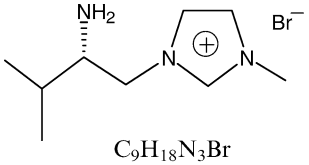
$C_7H_{14}N_3F_6P$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)propyl]-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +10.3$ (c 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-valine
Absolute configuration: (*S*)



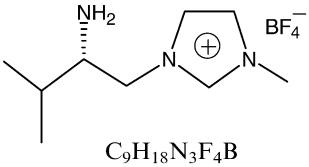
$C_9H_{18}N_3Br$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)-3-methylpentyl]-3-methylimidazolium bromide

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +6.9$ (c 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-valine
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

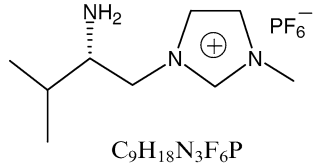


$C_9H_{18}N_3F_4B$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)-3-methylpentyl]-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



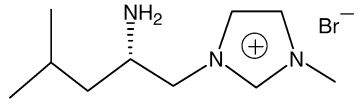
$C_9H_{18}N_3F_6P$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)-3-methylpentyl]-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +4.6$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-valine
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



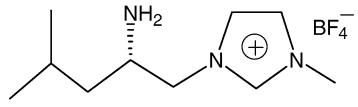
$C_{10}H_{20}N_3Br$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)isohexyl]-3-methylimidazolium bromide

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +6.0$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-leucine
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



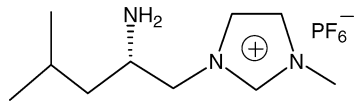
$C_{10}H_{20}N_3F_4B$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)isohexyl]-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +7.1$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-leucine
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



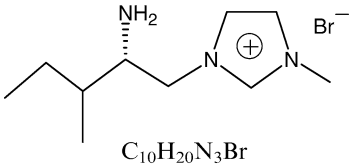
$C_{10}H_{20}N_3F_6P$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)isohexyl]-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +5.4$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-leucine
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



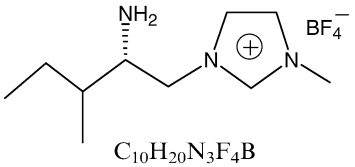
$C_{10}H_{20}N_3Br$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)-3-methylpentyl]-3-methylimidazolium bromide

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +11.7$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-isoleucine
Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



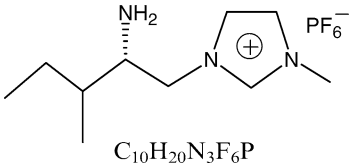
$C_{10}H_{20}N_3F_4B$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)-3-methylpentyl]-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +10.1$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-isoleucine
Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



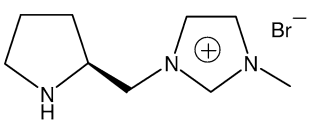
$C_{10}H_{20}N_3F_6P$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Amino)-3-methylpentyl]-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +3.9$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-isoleucine
Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



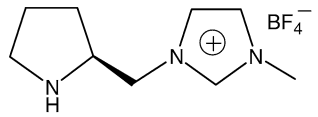
$C_9H_{16}N_3Br$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-3-methylimidazolium bromide

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +6.5$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



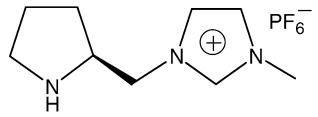
$C_9H_{16}N_3F_4B$

1-[(*S*)-(2-Pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +4.5$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Shu-Ping Luo, Dan-Qian Xu, Hua-Dong Yue, Li-Ping Wang, Wen-Long Yang and Zhen-Yuan Xu*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2028*



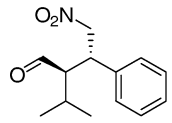
$C_9H_{16}N_3F_6P$

1-[(S)-(2-Pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +2.7$ (*c* 2, EtOH)
Source of chriality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



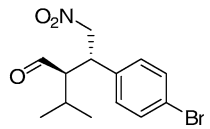
$C_{13}H_{17}NO_3$

(2*R*,3*S*)-2-Isopropyl-4-nitro-3-phenylbutanal

Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{24.3} = +53.1$ (*c* 0.77, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition
Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



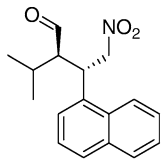
$C_{13}H_{16}BrNO_3$

(2*R*,3*S*)-3-(4-Bromophenyl)-2-isopropyl-4-nitrobutanal

Ee = 99%
$[\alpha]_D^{22.2} = +36.2$ (*c* 1.60, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition
Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



$C_{17}H_{19}NO_3$

(2*R*,3*S*)-2-Isopropyl-3-(naphthalen-1-yl)-4-nitrobutanal

Ee = 99%

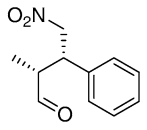
$[\alpha]_D^{22.5} = +49.5$ (*c* 0.45, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



$C_{11}H_{13}NO_3$

(2*R*,3*S*)-2-Methyl-4-nitro-3-phenylbutanal

Ee = 99%

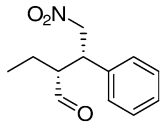
$[\alpha]_D^{22.3} = +29.7$ (*c* 1.00, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



$C_{12}H_{15}NO_3$

(2*R*,3*S*)-2-Ethyl-4-nitro-3-phenylbutanal

Ee = 99%

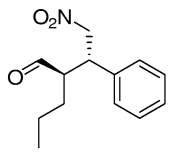
$[\alpha]_D^{23.7} = +59.6$ (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



$C_{13}H_{17}NO_3$

(*R*)-2-((*S*)-2-Nitro-1-phenylethyl)pentanal

Ee = 97%

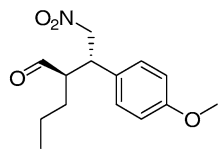
$[\alpha]_D^{23.8} = +69.1$ (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



$C_{14}H_{19}NO_4$

(*R*)-2((*S*)-1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2-nitroethyl)pentanal

Ee = 99%

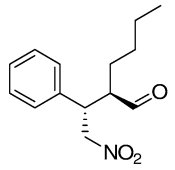
$[\alpha]_D^{24.1} = +47.2$ (*c* 1.30, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

Yawen Li, Xin-Yuan Liu and Gang Zhao*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *17 (2006) 2034*



$C_{14}H_{19}NO_3$

(*R*)-2-((*S*)-2-Nitro-1-phenylethyl)hexanal

Ee = 99%

$[\alpha]_D^{24.6} = +35.5$ (*c* 1.05, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

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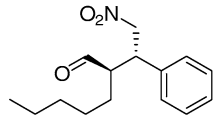

$C_{15}H_{21}NO_3$

(*R*)-2-((*S*)-2-Nitro-1-phenylethyl)heptanal

Ee = 99%

$[\alpha]_D^{24.0} = +34.1$ (*c* 2.35, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (2*R*,3*S*)

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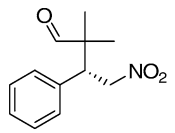

$C_{12}H_{14}BrNO_3$

(*R*)-2,2-Dimethyl-4-nitro-3-phenylbutanal

Ee = 89%

$[\alpha]_D^{21.5} = +5.6$ (*c* 1.00, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

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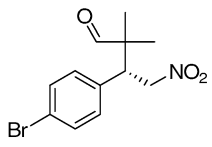

$C_{12}H_{14}BrNO_3$

(*R*)-3-(4-Bromophenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-4-nitrobutanal

Ee = 77%

$[\alpha]_D^{24.1} = +8.1$ (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric conjugate addition

Absolute configuration: (*R*)